

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Case No. 99-cr-96-pp

Plaintiff,

v.

RAYFORD P. WILLIAMS,

Defendant.

**ORDER APPROVING STIPULATION (DKT. NO. 30), REVOKING
SUPERVISED RELEASE, AND IMPOSING AGREED SENTENCE**

On December 6, 1999, Judge Rudolph T. Randa sentenced the defendant to serve 169 months in custody, followed by three years of supervised release. Dkt. No. 11. He was released to supervision on September 17, 2013. Dkt. No. 27. On May 14, 2015, the probation office asked the court to issue a warrant for the defendant, because he had been indicted on drug conspiracy charges for offenses he committed while on release. Dkt. No. 28.

On September 13, 2018, the parties filed a stipulation, indicating that the defendant had agreed to revocation of his supervised release and that the parties had agreed on a sentence. Dkt. No. 30. The parties made this agreement under Fed. R. Crim. P. 11(c)(1)(C), which requires the court to impose the agreed sentence if it approves the stipulation, and 32.1, subsections (b)(1)(A) and (b)(2) of which allow a defendant to waive the preliminary and final revocation hearings. Id. at 2.

In the stipulation, the defendant admits to one Grade A violation (committing a federal crime while on supervised release) and three Grade C violations (failure to report for a urinalysis test, failure to report a police contact within 72 hours, and failure to obtain his GED/HSED). Id. at 1. The defendant's criminal history category is IV; because the highest grade of violation is the Grade A violation, the defendant's advisory sentencing range is 33 to 41 months. Id. at 2. The parties have agreed that the court should revoke the defendant's supervised release, and sentence him to 33 months in custody, to run concurrently with the sentences imposed in United States v. Rayford P. Williams, 14-cr-184-pp and United States v. Rayford Williams, 15-cr-117-pp. Id.

The defendant, his attorney, the prosecutor, the probation officer and the probation officer's supervisor have all signed the stipulation, which includes the defendant's specific waiver of his rights to appear at a revocation hearing and present evidence, and to present mitigation evidence to the court (including his own personal statement).

The court has reviewed the stipulation, and finds it reasonable.

The court **APPROVES** the stipulation. Dkt. No. 30.

The court **FINDS** that the defendant is aware of his rights, has knowingly waived those rights, and has had the assistance of counsel in making that decision.

The court **ORDERS** that the defendant's supervised release is **REVOKED**.

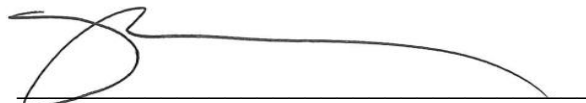
The court **ORDERS** that the defendant is **SENTENCED** to a term of **thirty-three (33) months** in the custody of the Bureau of Prisons, to run concurrently with the sentences imposed in United States v. Rayford P. Williams, 14-cr-184-pp and United States v. Rayford Williams, 15-cr-117-pp.

The court **ORDERS** that the defendant shall serve a term of **zero (0) months** of supervised release following his release from custody.

The court will issue a judgment reflecting this sentence.

Dated in Milwaukee, Wisconsin this 18th day of September, 2018.

BY THE COURT:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'P. Pepper', written over a horizontal line.

HON. PAMELA PEPPER
United States District Judge
